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BRITISH NOTE ON BLOCKADES LONG ENOUGH

It Goes into All Questions of International Law Bearing Upon Complaints Which Have Been Made by This Country

BECOMES PUBLIC NEXT MONDAY

It is Only Known It Defines Orders-in-Council as Substitute for International Law Against the United States' Protest

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, July 30.—The supplemental British note regarding the rights of neutrals at sea and within blockade lines will be delivered to the embassy at London within a day or two. Ambassador Page advised the state department and will probably be released for publication early next week. Whether the original note received on Monday and withheld from the press at the request of the British foreign office will be allowed to stand in its present form and will also be made public was not disclosed. It is thought possible the entire British argument will be covered in the new note and the previous communication withdrawn.

The new note, it is understood, is most formidable in point of length and the scope of the entire series of communications exchanged by the two governments on the subject. It is filled with citations and deals at length with intricate questions of international law. The British position on at least two points not treated in the original note, the detention of the American steamer Neches, en route from Rotterdam to New York with a cargo and the American caveat of July 17 declaring orders-in-council not to be recognized by this government as a substitute for international law would be fully argued.

MAY RAISE ANOTHER ARMY

OTTAWA, Ont., July 30.—It is said in government circles that undoubtedly another 50,000 men will be called for in August for service with the allies. This army will go to fill the gaps caused by service at the front. Already arrangements have been made it is stated, to equip and train this new army, so that it will be in fair shape for embarking in October.

The earlier calculations that it would require 40 per cent reinforcements to keep the army in the field at full strength have been broken down, and it is now figured that to maintain two army divisions of 50,000 men in the field at full strength for a year would require 15,000 men in reinforcements.

MOODY CONFERENCE

EAST NORTHFIELD, Mass., July 30.—At the general conference for Christian Workers, which opened here today at the Moody schools, some of the most able speakers of America and Europe were heard. Rev. Dr. G. Campbell Morgan of Westminster chapel, London, Rev. Len G. Broughton, formerly of Atlanta, now of London, Rev. Stuart Holden and Rev. Charles Ingis, also from England, delivered addresses. The conference will extend until August 15th.

BLACKHANDERS AT VENICE

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] SANTA MONICA, July 30.—Representations of black hands cut from black paper pasted on the windows of the apartments of Delphin Delmas, the attorney, and Robert Farquhar, son-in-law of the late U. S. Senator John Jones, of Nevada, coupled with threatening letters received by a prominent banker, whose name is withheld, started a police search for men believed to be engaged in a plot against the three men.

WEATHER TODAY



[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, July 30.—Weather for Arizona: Fair.

Former Phoenix Man Is Under Indictment

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] LOS ANGELES, July 30.—A secret indictment was returned by the federal grand jury against J. K. Tennant, said to be a wealthy promoter, for conspiracy to use the mails in a scheme to defraud, involving \$1,500,000, it is said. The indictment estimates an investigation by federal authorities. A business man at Santa

THE TEUTONIC ARMIES HUNTING BIGGER GAME THAN POLISH CAPITAL

Capture of Warsaw is Regarded as Only an Incident in a Movement to Take Retreating Russian Armies into Camp

ONE LINE RETREAT ALREADY CUT OFF

British Military Critics, However, Think It Impossible That Grand Duke Nicholas Should Not Have Provided Against This

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] LONDON, July 30.—The Russians are now facing the problem of evacuating Warsaw and the surrounding country without losing their armies, while the Austro-German forces are making a supreme effort to get across their line of retreat. The Teutons it is said have met with partial success in this attempt. A Berlin official report this evening stating that Field Marshal von Mackensen, resuming the offensive, reached the Cholm-Lublin railway about midway between those cities and that southeast of this, as far as the Bug River the Russian front is "shaken."

The success of von Mackensen in getting across the railway after he had virtually been stopped by the Russian counter attack denies at least one line of retreat to the Russians who, might still be between him and Warsaw and it has placed the Germans in a position to move against the Bug River front should it be decided upon. British military critics, however, refuse to believe that Grand Duke Nicholas has not provided for all contingencies or that he was not fairly sure of the safety of his troops before indicating to the world that he had decided to take up a new line. Indeed the news contained in the Berlin official report that the Germans have crossed the Vistula River southeast of Warsaw between the Pilica River and Kozienice leads military writers to the belief that the Russians have already fallen back in this region and that perhaps even the fortress Ivangorod has been left to its fate.

There is no news of the situation on the Narva River or Gen. von Buelow's wider outflanking movement in the Kovno province. However, the opinion is expressed here that the German plans contemplate a series of attacks rather than a simultaneous one and it is likely that they are waiting for von Mackensen to reach some previously arranged position before they resume attacks.

According to the dispatches the country around Warsaw which the Russians are leaving has been put to the torch, while the city itself is denuded of everything that might be of use to the Germans if it falls into their hands.

It may be some days before the Teutons occupy the Polish capital, if they finally do, for the Russians are fighting more than a rear guard action. In fact they are still delivering heavy blows, gaining some local successes principally on the Narva, and southeast of Cholm where they are opposing the efforts of the Austrians to get across the Bug.

However, military critics say these local successes do not affect the Russian plan of falling back to a shorter and stronger front.

As soon as the present operations are concluded it is expected that the Germans will turn west, a movement which, however, will take a couple of months at least. It will therefore be a race between the Teutonic forces and the British and French as to which will take the offensive in France, where the situation remains about the same as it has been for weeks past.

CHARGE OF WHITE WASH IN EASTLAND INQUIRY

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] CHICAGO, July 30.—Before Secretary Redfield began his hearings, the labor leaders issued statements declaring that the department of commerce inept would be a whitewash for the federal inspectors. These labor leaders telegraphed a protest to the president but received no re-

ply. After yesterday's testimony before Redfield, Mayor Thompson, Assistant Corporation Counsel Korschak and others said the examination of witnesses seemed to them unsatisfactory, while Assistant State's Attorney Sullivan thought the questions put by Redfield too leading. The questioning of witnesses today was turned over to Solicitor Thurman of the department of commerce although anyone in the room was allowed to put questions to the steamboat inspectors examined. Redfield said the determination of the guilty, if any, lay with the federal grand jury and the federal trial court as his investigation was simply to determine whether the steamboat inspectors acted conscientiously and according to legal requirements. The hearing before Redfield of the members of the steamboat inspection service will continue tomorrow as will the taking of testimony by the federal grand jury, which is charged by Judge Landis to show no consideration to any one, if guilt is shown.

SOUTHERN FRONT

GENEVA, July 30.—A dispatch from Lathach, in Carniola, says: "The Austrians attacked the Italians at Gorizia with 170,000 men, including 20,000 Bavarians on Wednesday night with disastrous results. The Austrian losses numbered 12,000. On Thursday a fierce Austrian attack on the Carso plateau was repulsed. The Italians held all the positions captured to the last fifteen days except the advanced trenches before Gorizia, which were evacuated."

TWO RELATIONS OF AN ATTACK ON AN ISLAND

The Disagreement Between Austrians and Italians is as Opposed as Their Interests in the World War

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] ROME, July 30.—It is officially announced that an attempt was made by a squadron of Austrian cruisers and a flotilla of destroyers yesterday to recapture the Italian island of Pelagosa in the Adriatic, which was occupied by an Italian naval force Monday. The attack was repulsed and some members of the Austrian landing party were forced to swim to the ships. A statement which was signed by the chief of the Italian naval staff follows:

"The enemy attempted yesterday morning to recapture the island of Pelagosa. Two light cruisers and six torpedo boat destroyers bombarded the island from the sea while a detachment of sailors was disembarked. Our assailants were repulsed with losses, some being forced to swim to the ships. Our casualties were two wounded."

Another Story

VIENNA, July 30.—An official statement tonight declares that the Austrian forces landed on the island of Pelagosa, destroyed the Italian wireless station, inflicted heavy losses on the Italian defenders and then withdrew. The Austrian losses, it is declared, were slight.

Holland Preparing

HAGUE, July 30.—The new Dutch landstorm bill adopted by the first chamber, became law. The measure provides for the eventual increase of the total of trained soldiers in Holland to approximately 550,000 instead of 330,000 now under arms.

Airmen Active

LONDON, July 30.—French airmen are active in large numbers on the western front. They have dropped bombs on various German positions in Belgium, the Argonne, Lorraine and Alsace. Many bombs were declared to have been dropped but no statement is made as to the damage.

LOUISIANA'S STATE DEBT

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 30.—The first payment on the principal of the state debt will be made on August 1, when \$33,000 of bonds will be called in and cancelled. The bonds must be presented to the state treasurer. Next year \$55,000 will be paid on the state debt.

POPE PROPOSES TO THE WORLD WAY TO PEACE

He Addresses Letter to the Rulers of Belligerent Countries Urging Them to Engage in Work of Reconciliation

WAR'S ANNIVERSARY DATE OF MESSAGE

Conquest, He Writes, is Followed by Hatred and Revenge Which Spur the Humbled and Humiliated Nations to New Wars

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] LONDON, July 30.—The Rome correspondent of Reuters states that in tonight's issue of the Osservatore Romano, the official organ of the Vatican, appears a letter addressed by Pope Benedict to the heads of the belligerent countries, inviting all friends of peace to unite with him in a desire to terminate the war. In the letter, which was written on the anniversary of the outbreak of the war July 28, the pope asks why there should not be initiated a direct or indirect exchange of views "in endeavor it possible to arrange something so that all will be contented."

The correspondent quotes the pope's letter as follows: "It is our firm determination to devote every activity to the reconciliation of the people now engaged in this fratricidal struggle. Today, on the sad anniversary of the outbreak of this tremendous conflict, these issues from our hearts an earnest prayer for the cessation of war. It must not be that this conflict cannot be settled without armed violence. But may mutual desire for destruction, relief that nations do not die, if humiliated or oppressed, they prepare to retaliate by transmitting from generation to generation hatred and desire for revenge. This is our cry for peace. We invite all friends of peace to unite with us in our desire to terminate the war and to establish an empire of right, resolving henceforth to solve differences not by the sword but by equity and justice. We implore our apostolic benediction also to those not yet belonging to the Roman Catholic church."

Trial For Fraud Comes To An End Verdict Of Guilty

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] LOS ANGELES, July 30.—The jury in the trial of the government's suit against Charles Elder, president and ten other former officials of the Los Angeles Investment company, charged with conspiring to use the mails in a scheme to defraud, returned a verdict of guilty against Elder, W. D. Deebie and George Derby. The others are not guilty. The jury was out twenty-nine hours.

The indictments were based on the sending through the mails by the investment company of a publication entitled "Homes" to which it was testified by one defendant that former Secretary of State Bryan was at one time a contributor. The amount of money supposed to have been acquired by the defendants is not stated in the indictment.

Earlier in the day the jury requested permission to make a partial report, but were sent back to the jury room by Judge Deebie with instructions to make further efforts to reach a complete verdict. The trial had been in progress since May 25. The maximum penalty is two years and \$10,000 fine. The defendants are also indicted on sixteen counts by the county grand jury, which are still pending.

Special Attorney General Sylvester Rush, in summing up his address to the jury claimed that Elder tried to get from under a widely published story that the millionaire syndicate, purported to be composed of Andrew Carnegie, Charles Schwab and other multi-millionaires would buy the property of the company acquired from the E. J. (Lucky) Baldwin estate at Arcadia, a suburb of Los Angeles. He asserted that Deebie, the secretary of the company and Derby, the treasurer, had "peddled the story" as a last effort to bolster up the falling fortunes of the company.

Intense interest was manifested when the verdict was made public. The original company was started in 1895 by a small band of musicians under the name of the Pacific Investment Company. This company was organized by Elder, Deebie and Derby. The Los Angeles Investment and Trust company was organized in 1899 and reorganized in 1906.

NOTHING PRINTED GOES

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] AMSTERDAM, July 30.—According to the Telegram, German officials have issued an order prohibiting travelers to and from Germany carrying printed or written matter with them.

PRESIDENT HAS PLAN TO END DISTURBANCE IN TROUBLED MEXICO

BODY OF BECKER

NEW YORK, July 30.—The body of Charles Becker, former police lieutenant, who was electrocuted at Sing Sing prison at sunrise for instigating the murder of Herman Rosenthal, gambler, was brought to Mrs. Becker's home in the Bronx this afternoon from Ossining. It was in a plain black casket. A small crowd of neighbors assembled as the hearse drew up at the building. The funeral will be held Monday.

ONE INQUIRY DROPPED OUT TWO REMAIN

Federal Grand Jury and Secretary Redfield Trying to Find Out What Was Matter With the Steamer Eastland

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] CHICAGO, July 30.—An investigation to determine whether anyone was criminally to blame for the capsizing of the steamer Eastland on Saturday with a loss of a thousand lives has been narrowed to the federal grand jury, and the steamboat inspection service under Secretary of Commerce Redfield. The ship, still on its side in the river was taken over by the federal marshal on orders from Judge Landis of the United States district court.

The county grand jury, it was decided by the state's attorney will probably not have sufficient jurisdiction to accomplish anything so it caused its inquiry for the present. Redfield's examination of the steamboat inspectors continued but developed few new facts. Charges that the steamboat inspection service was not stringent enough with its own members was continued and elicited from Redfield a repetition of the statement that inquiry according to the law and judgment should not be passed until the investigation was ended.

Only one body was recovered today, making the total known dead \$35. Little apparent headway was made with the righting of the Eastland. The missing list kept by the Western Electric company whose employees are charged the excursion that stopped by the upsetting of the steamer, reached 161 tonight, indicating that the total number of dead will probably be under a thousand as the dead missing now total only 226.

MORE DEFENDERS FOR PHILIPPINES

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Five additional companies of coast artillery have been ordered to the Philippine fortifications, recently completed to strengthen Manila and the entrance to Manila Bay. The 4th and 5th companies leave Fort Mott, N. J., today, and the 17th company leaves Fort Washington, Md., today. The 11th company left Fort Dade, Fla., yesterday, and the 33d company will leave Fort Columbia, Washington state on Monday.

The 9th regiment of cavalry, now at Douglas, Arizona, will leave there on Monday for the Philippines, to relieve the 7th regiment of cavalry. The 24th infantry, now in the Philippines, will be relieved in September by the 27th regiment, now at Texas City, Tex.

GRIP OF UNITED STATES IS FASTENED ON HAITI

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The department issued this statement to-night relative to the situation in Haiti:

"At the request of Rear Admiral Caperton, now in command of the forces now exercising military control of Port Au Prince, Haiti, for the protection of the lives and property of that city, the following reinforcements have been sent to him:

"The Connecticut, Captain E. P. Durell, commanding, has been directed to proceed to Port Au Prince without delay. A regiment of marines, about 500 in number, will be embarked on the Connecticut and will be under the command of Colonel E. K. Cole, of the United States Marine Corps. Upon the arrival of the Connecticut at Port Au Prince the marines will be disembarked and the Connecticut will run for the necessary maneuvers with the Atlantic fleet."

Secretary Daniels felt no great apprehension about the situation. The extra forces were sent primarily, he said, to permit shorter hours of guard

Not Yet Divulged But Will Be Made Known When His Return to the National Capital Some Time Next Week

SAID TO INVOLVE MILITARY LEADERS

Possible Refusal of Carranza Again to Talk Things Over With Rival Commanders Has Already Been Considered

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, July 30.—Definite steps toward the restoration of peace in Mexico will be taken immediately on the president's return to Washington next week. What specific action the president may have decided on is not disclosed but it was authoritatively stated tonight that the executive department of the government are preparing to carry out promptly the program determined upon.

Only an unexpected move in Mexico itself to end the strife, it is said, would further delay affirmative action by the United States to restore a constitutional government to the war-torn republic. Armed intervention is not believed to be contemplated in the president's program. Many officials believe that no forceful measures will be required. It is persistently reported that the factional leaders are inclined to yield to the demands of this government for a peace conference.

Reports generally credited are that a message will be sent to the opposing leaders giving them a final chance to cease hostilities within a limited time, and assemble a conference to settle their differences. Possibilities of another failure to do so, in view of the latest refusal of Carranza to join in a conference with his adversaries are being considered by the president. It is declared, in formulating his plan of action. Whether in that event a general embargo on arms and exportations will be imposed or whether American troops will be employed to assure the transportation of food to the starving people of the country cannot be predicted. It is known however, that the army and navy have been preparing, and are now ready for any eventualities.

Lansing said today that representations, sent to Carranza, Villa and Zapata last night urging that the routes to Mexico City be opened to provision trains, were forceful. The message to Carranza, who controls the railroad from Vera Cruz, was particularly emphatic. While it was not couched as a "demand" that the railroad be opened and kept open, its purport was to that effect.

No answer from any of the Mexican generals was received tonight. It is believed, however, that provision trains will be moving to Mexico City within a few days under a guard of Carranza troops. Officials are led to this belief by reports that Gonzalez has driven off the Villa column and returned to the outskirts of Mexico City, practically occupying the capital. It is reported that roving Zapata bands are being driven away from the railroad.

Charles Douglas, who returned to Washington from Vera Cruz after conferences with Carranza and Gonzalez, brought assurance that the Carranza forces would hold Mexico City after its occupation and that danger of the isolation of the city by the Villa and Zapata forces, which existed when he took the town before, has been overcome.

Separate representations have been made to General Zapata regarding the attack on Allan Mallory, American citizen, who was detained by Zapata soldiers at Puebla while carrying departmental dispatches. An effective

(Continued on Page Three)

MARINES DIE IN A BATTLE WITH HAITIANS

Night Attack Upon American Police Force Guarding Port Au Prince in Which Two Bluejackets Were Killed

MORE MEN NEEDED TO PRESERVE ORDER

The Battleship Connecticut With Regiment of Marines Was Preparing Last Night to Sail for the Troubled Island

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, July 30.—Two American bluejackets were killed last night in an attack by natives on Port Au Prince, Haiti, held by Rear Admiral Caperton with 400 men from the cruiser Washington. The attacking party was beaten off before it had approached closer than the outskirts of the city. Order is maintained in the city itself. No sailors were wounded. The loss of the attacking party was not reported.

The dead are: William Gompers, seaman, Brooklyn, and Cason Whitehurst, ordinary seaman, Norfolk. Reinforcements had been ordered to Haiti before word of the fighting was received. The battleship Connecticut will sail from Philadelphia tomorrow with a regiment of marines numbering 500 men. The navy transport Hancock, now being overhauled at Philadelphia will also go to Haiti, it is said, although it is not known what force she will take.

Caperton's message gave few details of the fighting. It showed, however, that he was warned of an intention to attack early in the evening. Captain Beach of the Washington, commanding ashore, moved his men out to the edge of the city to meet them, leaving a strong guard to maintain order in town.

Haitian soldiers and civilians in the city were disarmed yesterday to prevent sniping from houses. The attack came at 8 o'clock last night, the bluejacket battalion bearing the brunt of the fighting. From the brush beyond the last houses the snipers opened fire on them. The fire was returned and the attackers were driven off, but not before Gompers and Whitehurst were killed.

The following summary of Admiral Caperton's terse report was given out tonight by the navy department: "Admiral Caperton reports that owing to a report that the town was likely to be attacked during the night he made a disposition of his forces for defense at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The attack was made from the south about 8 o'clock in the evening. There was sniping from the brush in the outskirts of the town. Two were killed in the sniping. The bluejacket battalion bearing the brunt of the fighting. We successfully repulsed the attack. We maintained quiet and order in the interior of the city throughout the night."

In his first message after his arrival at Port Au Prince, when the marines and bluejackets encountered slight resistance on landing Caperton asked for an additional regiment of marines. The men were needed, he said, to police the city, and the surrounding district adequately. He asked the additional marines be sent on the cruiser North Carolina or the Tennessee, fast ships, indicating that he expected some difficulties. These ships were not available and the department ordered the Connecticut to be ready to sail tomorrow. The Connecticut is taking on stores tonight.

Samuel Gompers' Nephew NEW YORK, July 30.—William Gompers, one of the two Americans killed in the fighting in Haiti, is the son of Mrs. Sophie Gompers, of Brooklyn, a widow, and a nephew of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor. He was born in Brooklyn twenty-two years ago, and enlisted in 1911.

SUBMARINED

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] LONDON, July 30.—The Norwegian steamship Trondhjemstjod was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine. The Belgian steamer Prince was also sunk by striking a mine. The crews of both were saved.

Lone Star State Has Another Human Bonfire

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH]

TEMPLE, Texas, July 30.—Will Stanley, a negro arrested charged with being the man who murdered the three Grimes children on Wednesday night, was taken from a justice court room at midnight and burned in the public square in the presence of thousands of men and women. People had thronged the streets all afternoon and evening

awaiting the outcome of the examination of his alleged accomplices brought from Rogers tonight. The scene in the well lighted square at the time of the burning of the negro was spectacular. The negro is said to have confessed. He tried to escape the mob and was repeatedly thrown back into the fire. Many boys and young girls were present. A shot stopped the struggles of the negro and the mob soon dispersed.